



The Hughes News

Camp # 614

July 2016

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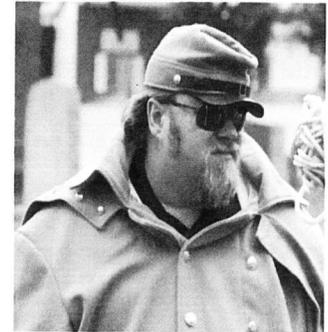
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Message from the Commander, Jason Coffman

Confederate Patriots: The B/G John T. Hughes Camp attended some events in June. Bushwhackers on Main in Lexington Missouri and the Lathrop Antique Tractor show. The Camp did well selling merchandise and recruiting at both of these events. Thanks to all who attending these events and helped out. The Camp will be attending other events coming up in the next few months that we will discuss in



the meeting at Ernie's Restaurant and Cross Lounge on July 14th. If you know of any festival events we can attend please bring it up in the meeting. The Surgeon John Cravens Camp in Gallatin Missouri has seven events to attend in the next four months. I have asked Commander Dixon for that list and should have it at the next meeting. We can attend some of Cravens Camp events as SCV members to help them grow their numbers. Grave markers and headstones of Confederate soldiers come to my mind ever so often. The Camp needs to start thinking about placing markers and headstones again. The Camp goes to events more than anything these days which in turn grows the Camp. Now that the Camp is bigger we can venture into doing one of the many things we are supposed to do and that is place markers and headstones where Confederate soldiers are laid to rest. We have the digital technology to log where each soldier is buried in our area now. The hard part is getting CSA military headstones for those soldiers that do not have one.

Here is a little something most of you probably do not know. It was written by a friend of mine and is just the first part of a book that was written.

In 1776 our Founding Fathers broke away from Tyranny and established a Democratic

Continued on Page 3...

July Meeting at Ernies' Restaurant

www.hughescamp.org



Camp Calendar

July 14th, 7:00 PM Camp Meeting *Ernie's Restaurant and Kross Lounge 605 N Sterling Ave Sugar Creek Mo 64054 .*

This month our speaker will be: Still to be determined as of press time! One guy fell thru for this month, but we have other options...we'll have something good for you!

November 5th, 2016 Secession Day Dinner, 5:30 PM. Inn at Grand Glaize, Osage Beach, Missouri. A flyer will be forthcoming in the future, just getting this on your long range Confederate Event Planning Schedule! Mark your calendar!



Br. Gen. John T Hughes

What's been happening on the Western Front..

June Camp Meeting...

In June our speaker was Paul Petersen. It's always good to hear his words of truth!

Our June meeting started at 7:05 in the evening, Jason Coffman gave the invocation, the pledge and salute were performed, and Tim Borrón read the SCV charge. There were thirteen camp members and guests in attendance.

Paul Petersen was the guest speaker. Paul spoke about his articles on the web that are actually changing and challenging revisionist lies about the history of the War of Northern Aggression. Paul also spoke about how the Yankees never acknowledged that Kansas Union soldiers were killed in Texas state. They were annihilated with shame by Quantrill's men and they've denied it ever since. Paul also spoke about a man named Hal Lewis from Wellington Missouri. In 1856 Hal Lewis saved a man's life, that man later became a Yankee officer during the war and came back to Wellington and killed Hal Lewis for being a Southern sympathizer. Only a Yankee Imperial Socialist would be so bold as to do that.

Tim Borrón spoke about the billboard project and Jason Coffman spoke of the upcoming events the camp was going to attend. Meeting was adjourned at approximately 8:45.

Billboard Campaign across Missouri!

By now some of you know about the Missouri Division project of putting up as many educational billboards as we can about the South and our southern soldiers. This effort is being spearheaded by Western Brigade Commander Tim Borrón. At the May meeting, the camp made and passed a motion to donate \$1000 of camp funds to this effort. We have been and are also soliciting for donations to help sustain this effort.

On July 7th, Adjutant Yeatman will be sending a check to the division Heritage Defense Fund of \$ 2065.00.

Others have pledged to donate still. If you could, or would like to contribute, either bring a check to the next meeting payable to Hughes Camp, put in the memo billboard fund, or you could mail a check payable to Hughes Camp to Larry Yeatman

5606 NE Antioch Rd

Gladstone Mo 64119

Hughes Camp will then cut checks for whatever totals we have at the time.

This should be a great program. No need to buy land to get our message across via flag-poles, and we can say more than just displaying a flag! *LTY*



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Coffman continued... Republic among a Confederation of States. These States assembled together UNITED in a cause; UNITED in their resolve; UNITED in their desire for liberty; but remained independent and sovereign nevertheless. This is why the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States both listed the whole of the States as the "united States of America". Notice the little "u" in "united". That is because the Founding Fathers believed in State Sovereignty, and they (aside from the plans of the Hamiltonians) believed that the States should not be bound by a strong central government. Over the next 84 years, constant battle raged between the Anti-Federalists (Jeffersonians) and the Federalists (Hamiltonians), finally coming to a head in 1860 when the South seceded from the Federal Union. At the very moment the South seceded the North ceased to be the "united States of America", a collection of Sovereign States; and instead became the "United States of America", a single nation under a strong central government. The Federal Union then invaded and militarily conquered the Confederate States of America, conscripting her against her will as a part of the Federalist's vision of America. To this day, the Federal Union has continued to grow unabated in its power and has stripped away the liberty of the individual, and the Sovereignty of the States. The Confederate States of America (CSA) is, and has been, a Sovereign Nation held in occupation by the Federal Union of the United States of America. Furthermore, the CSA is an extension of the country founded in 1776, and that the Federal Union of the United States of America has grown into what men like Thomas Jefferson fought to be free from.

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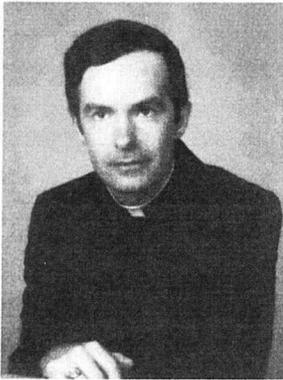


Meeting location:

**Kross Lounge and Ernie's Restaurant
605 N Sterling Ave Sugar Creek Mo 64054
816-254-9494**



Chaplain's Corner, Hughes Camp Chaplain Richard W Rudd



Plato, in his Republic, relates the allegory of the cave, contrasting darkness with light and naivete with knowledge. Unable or perhaps unmotivated and unwilling to turn around or leave the cave, the occupants face a wall on which

are projected the shadows of objects behind them by the light shining through the entrance. They consider the dimness of their vision to be normal and mistake the shadows for reality. If one of the occupants were to turn and leave, they would enter the light, experience clearer vision, see and experience the objects directly, not their shadows and reflections. Returning to relate this experience to those who remained in the cave, they would have greater awareness of the darkness with their former ability to see dimly now impaired and recognize the shadows for what they are. Their companions, not having ventured from the cave into the light, would no doubt ridicule the messenger, insist it was they who saw more clearly, reject the truth revealed to them, and refuse to change their faulty concept of reality.

Light has essence. It can produce solar energy and be measured. Conversely, darkness has no essence; it is merely the absence of light, knowledge of truth, and understanding. The eye contains rods, cones, and nerve endings that record light. The lens, like that of a camera, organizes the light reflected off of objects so that we can visually perceive them. The image formed in the eye stimulates nerves that the brain interprets, enabling us to comprehend an image. Light is crucial to seeing, conceptualizing, and understanding. So, light enables us to see, to envisage objects with our eyes. It also signifies knowledge of truth, enabling us to envision concepts in our minds and become enlightened or illuminated. And, light represents Christ Who proclaimed, "I am the light of the world..." (Jn. 8:12) "and the truth..." (Jn. 14:6) Thus, to see means to visually perceive with the eyes and to mentally know and understand with the mind.

Within our world there are many who, like the residents in Plato's cave, whether by choice or circumstance "...sit in darkness and in the shadow of death..." (Lk. 1:79) and ignorance. They are "...burdened with sins and swayed by various impulses, who will listen to everybody and can never arrive at a knowledge of the truth." (II Tim. 3:6) As the lens of the eye clouds vision and causes blindness as a result of cataracts, so such vices as biases, bad habits, sloth, worthless distractions, inordinate desires, false information, and ignorance cloud the lens of reasoning which focuses the light of knowledge and truth in the mind, ultimately resulting in blindness of understanding. The afflicted live "...in the vanity" or "futility of their minds; they are darkened in their understanding, alienated from the life of God because of the ignorance that is in them, because of the blindness of their heart; they have become callous and have given themselves up to licentiousness, greedy to practice every kind of uncleanness." (Eph. 4:18) Of these who would aspire to be leaders, one must ask, "Can the blind lead the blind?" (Lk. 6:39) Just as none of us is able to see our own face, but only a reflection, there are those who refuse to face themselves or the truth. Which is worse, a child who is afraid of the dark or an adult who is afraid of the light?

We are experiencing God's warning "...that in the last days perilous times" or "times of stress shall come. For men will be lovers of self, lovers of money, proud, arrogant, abusive, blasphemers, disobedient to parents, ungrateful, unholy, inhuman, without natural affection, trucebreakers, reckless, slanderers, profligates, fierce, haters of good, traitors, swollen with conceit, lovers of pleasure rather than lovers of God, holding the form of religion but denying the power of it.

Continued on page 6...



Historians Corner, Paul R Petersen

Paul is the Author of *Quantrill of Missouri*, *Quantrill in Texas*, *Quantrill at Lawrence* and *Lost Souls of the Lost Township*. Petersen is a retired U.S. Marine Corps master sergeant and a highly decorated infantry combat veteran of the Vietnam War, Operation Desert Storm, and Operation Iraqi Freedom. He is a member of the William Clarke Quantrill Society, the James-Younger Gang Association, the Sons of the American Revolution, and the Jackson County and Missouri State Historical Societies.

The Biggest Yankee Lie of All

On October 28, 1861, six months and fourteen days after the first shots were fired in the War of Northern Aggression, Missouri's duly elected representatives voted on an article of secession. For six months Missouri strived to remain neutral in the conflict much like her sister states of Kentucky and Maryland but the chief despot in Washington D. C. could not allow this in his fight against State's Rights. The Yankees can well reply with an explanation as to what the 50 stars in the national banner stand for but ever since the proud banner of the Confederate battle flag waved over a free and independent nation their explanations fall silent as they are asked what the 13 stars in the Stars and Bars stand for. Even the strongest explanation is explained away as saying that the 13 stars only reflect the Confederacy's claims of having admitted Kentucky and Missouri into the Confederacy. Modern textbooks show images of the Confederate battle flag but state that Missouri remained a Northern state while ignoring that Missouri is reflected as the 12th star on the Confederate flag.

While the 13th star on the Confederate banner represented the sovereign state of Kentucky, Maryland was not as fortunate. Maryland was a slave state and one of the border states, straddling the South and the North. Because of its proximity to Washington D. C. Lincoln ordered Federal troops into Maryland to seize the State and arrest the State's legislatures, suspending Habeas Corpus and dismissing the Supreme Court Justice's ruling that it was unconstitutional.

For over six months Missouri sought to exert her sovereignty by remaining neutral in the conflict. Missouri refused to furnish troops for Lincoln's unconstitutional and diabolical request to keep her sister states from seceding. Union agitators in her largest city organized illegal gangs to fight against Missouri's own State militia. To quell the disturbances and force the State into the Northern fold

Lincoln brought Nathaniel Lyon, a radical abolitionist and a Federal captain of artillery from Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, made him a brigadier general of volunteers, and had him negotiate terms with Missouri's governor, Claiborne Fox Jackson in St. Louis. On June 11, 1861, as the negotiations were progressing Lyon stood up, pointed his finger at the governor and General Sterling Price, the head of the State militia, declaring to see each of them dead and shouting at the top of his lungs, "THIS MEANS WAR!"

After Lyon had declared war on a sovereign state that was still in the Union and had not seceded Fox and Price both realized what Lyon's insane action meant. Fox and Price immediately left by train for the capital. On their way to Jefferson City they burned the bridges behind them hoping to slow the intended pursuit of Lyon's forces. Lyon was slow in coming. His assembled forces made their advance by riverboat on Jefferson City. Missouri's legally elected leaders met in special session before Lyon's arrival and voted to defend the state against this unwarranted Federal coercion and outright attempt at subjugation. The Missouri government pulled out of the defenseless capital moving south setting up temporary governmental headquarters in Neosho in southwest Missouri. Here Price gathered all loyal state forces and organized the scattered militia units into one army. His small army of native Missourians was gathered to save the sovereignty of their state. With only a fledgling army at his disposal Price knew he would need more experienced men. Pressed on all sides by huge numbers of foreign troops invading his state Price fought on as best he could. Many new recruits showed up without arms with only a patriotism and a devotion to protect their homes and fight against forced Federal coercion. Price appealed to the Confederate government to help him drive off the Federal invasion. In the following months after

Continued on page 6...



Richard Rudd continued... Avoid such people." (II Tim. 3:1) We are to avoid their seduction and proselytizing, their practices, false message and promises, and not be in alliance with them. "Blessed is the man who sits (not) in the seat of scoffers..." (Ps. 1:1), those who deride and mock the truth. Truth is historical, relating an accurate record of the ideals and deeds of America's Founding Fathers and our Confederate ancestors. It is current, portraying honestly political and social events as they occur. It is spiritual and prophetic, proclaiming the good news of the Gospel that there is no salvation but through trust in the crucified Blood of the resurrected Christ for the forgiveness of sin and the promise of eternal life.

In spite of the resistance we encounter, we who have seen the light have a responsibility to transmit its message by being courageous enough to "...set...an example in speech and conduct..." (I Tim. 4:12) to those who sit in darkness that they might have the opportunity to experience teshuvah or repentance, turning from ignorance and despair to truth and hope. In doing so, we demonstrate fidelity to our convictions, honor our ancestors, our fellow men, and our Lord, and can look forward to hearing Him say, "Well done, good and faithful servant..." (Matt. 25:23)

Father Richard W. Rudd

Hughes Camp Chaplain

Petersen continued from page 5... winning noted military successes all across Missouri, the exiled state government, meeting in Neosho, voted on October 28, to leave the Union and join the Confederacy. One month later, on November 28, the Confederate Congress in Richmond sent an official acknowledgment to Gov. Claiborne Jackson accepting Missouri as the twelfth state of the Confederacy.

With the duly elected government chased out of the capitol by Federal bayonets Lincoln illegally had a provisional government established in Missouri that was favorable to his Federal coercion. On July 30, Lincoln's provisional government in Missouri declared all existing state offices vacant. It then appointed a governor and all remaining officials, declared all the seats of the legislators vacant and set a date for new elections which never occurred during the course of the war. Any duly elected official that did not vacate his position was arrested.

Yankee historians try to beleaguer the fact that when the governor held a state convention in Neosho they did not have a quorum present. But this fact is not followed up with the truth in acknowledging that the state convention was delayed until the end of October in order to obtain a quorum, which was lacking earlier in the fall. Provenance of the quorum is attested to by the following research: Journals of the legislature that contained information disappeared sometime during the war. The Senate journal was rediscovered in recent years among artifacts at the Wilson's Creek National Battlefield, and the House journal has only recently been found. In addition to the Senate journal, evidence of a House quorum has also been found. Records of the secession bill show that Speaker of the House, John McAfee presided over the session that adopted the bill and Clerk of the House, Thomas H. Murry's signature also attests to the verification. The bill was also sponsored in the House by legislator George Graham Vest. Reports of a quorum and even vote totals for both bodies also appeared quickly in some newspapers. The [Columbia] Missouri Statesman on November 15, 1861, claimed a quorum was reached by October 22. The Charleston Mercury of November 25, 1861, reported the session as follows: The meeting of the Missouri State Legislature, which passed the ordinance of secession at Neosho on the 2d inst. Was well attended, a full quorum being present, including 23 members of the Upper and 77 of the Lower House; 19 of the former and 68 of the latter constitute a quorum. The ordinance of secession was passed unanimously, and without a dissenting voice. It was dispatched to Richmond by a special messenger to the President, leaving Memphis yesterday morning en route. **Continued on page 7...**



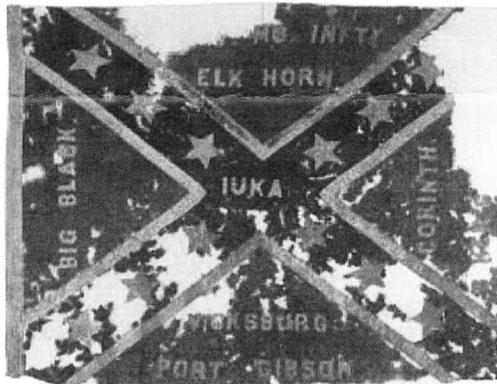
Petersen continued from page 6... One of the earliest historical accounts of Missouri's role in the Civil War written by former Confederate Col. John C. Moore, who also states that a quorum was present at the session:

In every particular it complied with the forms of law. It was called together in extraordinary session by the proclamation of the governor. There was a quorum of each house present. The governor sent to the two houses his message recommending, among other things, the passage of an act "dissolving all political connection between the State of Missouri and the United States of America." The ordinance was passed strictly in accordance with law and parliamentary usage, was signed by the presiding officers of the two houses, attested by John T. Crisp, secretary of the senate, and Thomas M. Murray, clerk of the house, and approved by Claiborne F. Jackson, governor of the State.

Acting on the ordinance passed by the Jackson government, the Confederate Congress admitted Missouri as the 12th Confederate state on November 28, 1861. The Jackson government subsequently named Senators to the Confederate Congress. During the course of the war in the Union controlled provisional government of Missouri elections were never held. Martial Law was declared. Civil rights were violated. Private property was confiscated. Private homes were burned and citizens were murdered simply for expressing their opinions. As with most historical facts concerning the war the controversy surrounding Missouri's legal ordinance of secession, Yankees have simply twisted the truth and added this to their long list of lies. And for Missourians this was the biggest lie of all.

Article by Paul R. Petersen – Author of *Quantrill of Missouri*, *Quantrill in Texas*, *Quantrill at Lawrence* and *Lost Souls of the Lost Township*.

Battle Flag of the 2nd/6th Missouri Infantry. Quite the resume is sewn on this flag.



Burnt District Press

Here are some Hughes Camp special deals:

Our company recently reprinted the Don Hale book "They Called Him Bloody Bill" about Bloody Bill Anderson. \$12.00

Also we have two new books about the battle at Pilot Knob. One is the updated version by R. Scott House of the original "Thunder In Arcadia Valley" \$18.00 and the other is "Fort Davidson. \$18.00

Plus the new book about the battle at Lexington in September 1861 called "The Siege Of Lexington Missouri by Larry Wood. \$18.00

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And the last one is "The Homefront in Civil War Missouri" by James W. Erwin. \$18.00

Normally shipping is \$4 additional, but local Camp Members can save the \$4 shipping fee by having John deliver your orders to the Camp Meeting!.



Notes from the Editor and Adjutant...

Howdy Men, A couple of things here. Sorry for no newsletter in July, had several things going on such as my mom falling and breaking her shoulder, and a big project at my farm, so something had to give in my schedule! So I punted the news to ease the pressure!

I'll see you at the July 14th meeting, yes, I really will be there this time! Look forward to seeing you!

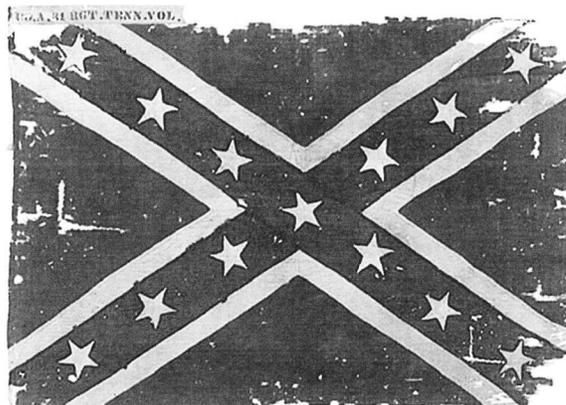
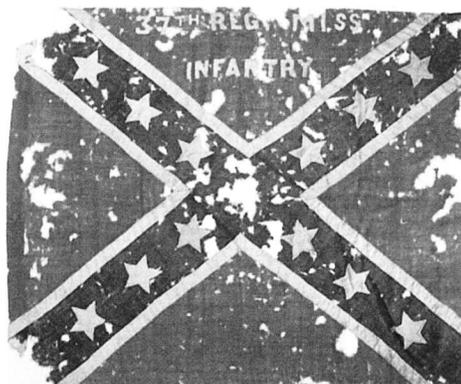
Larry Yeatman

Annual Dues coming up!

I should mail out renewal dues notices pretty quick, hopefully next week. But if you want to bring a check or cash to the next meeting, we'll record it right there on my roster.

But if you could, start getting psyched up right now to cough up \$39 payable to Hughes Camp! I know that's always exciting. But it's much cheaper and more fun, then say, getting in the mail your car insurance renewal or something like that. Look at the bright side!

Here's some more neat Battle Flags for filler material and your enjoyment!



Billboard fund:

I did get the check cut today for \$2065 and mailed to the division. That's a bit short of our \$3500 goal. It cost right at \$3500 to do a billboard and we were hoping to raise enough funds to pay entirely for one in our area. We hope to put these up in several places around the state. This is a Division wide effort. I think they run for about 6 months. Good way to educate the public and raise awareness of the good names of our Confederate Ancestors. I think they would be proud and amazed at how 150 years later we haven't forgot about them and our efforts to remember them.

Thanks to all that have donated to the billboard fund. It's not too late if you would like to kick in some dough towards that! All help is appreciated!

July 2016

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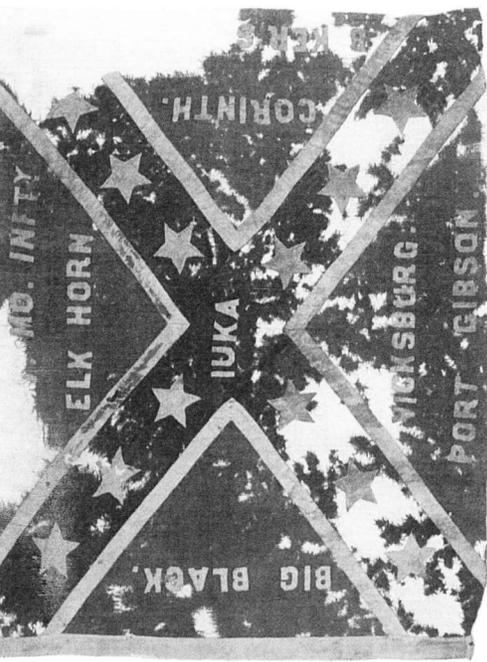
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Lt. Col. John R. Boyd Chapter # 236



Hughes Camp # 614
Sons of Confederate Veterans
 5606 NE Antioch Rd Gladstone, Mo 64119

The Hughes News is the official newsletter of the Hughes Camp # 614 of the Sons of Confederate Veterans. The Sons of Confederate Veterans is a historical, patriotic, educational organization dedicated to the preservation and protection of Southern History and Heritage.



1864 Battle Flag of the 2nd/6th Consolidated Missouri Infantry

Paul Petersen suggested I use a picture of a battle flag to go along with his enclosed article. So in pecking around the internet I came across this flag. How appropriate to help clarify Missouri was the 12th Star on the Confederate Flag! This flag contains the names of the battles our Missouri boys fought at including Vicksburg. The 2nd and 6th was part of Gen Francis Marion Cockrell's Missouri Brigade and also fought at Atlanta, Allatoona Pass, and Franklin, TN where this flag was captured by Sgt. Alfred Ransbottom of the 97th Ohio Infantry. The color bearer managed to reach the Federal entrenchments at the Carter Cotton Gin and plant the colors on the parapet, where he was shot down and flag pulled over the works. So our flag probably is languishing in a Yankee prison in Ohio.

Camp Meeting
 coming up on July
 14th
 Meeting at Ernie's
 Restaurant and
 Kross Lounge

